

NOTICE OF TEXT [Authority G.S. 150B-21.2(c)]

VOLUME:

ISSUE:

CHECK	ΑP	PR	OPRL	ATE	BOX:
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Notice with a scheduled hearing
Notice without a scheduled hearing

block	s 1 - 4 and 7 - 14.	Complete the following cite for the volume and issue of previous publicati If a hearing is scheduled, complete block 5. text was published in Volume: Issue:	on, as well as
1. Rule-Making Age	ncy: Board of Dent	al Examiners	
2. Link to agency we	ebsite pursuant to	G.S. 150B-19.1(c): www.ncdentalboard.org	
3. Proposed Action -	Check the appro	priate box(es) and list <u>rule citation(s)</u> beside proposed action:	
▼ ADOPTION: 21	NCAC 16Q .0103	.0104	
AMENDMENT:	21 NCAC 16Q .02	02, .0302, .0405, .0703	
REPEAL:			
READOPTION y	<u>vith</u> substantive ch	aanges:	
☐ READOPTION <u>v</u>	<u>vithout</u> substantive	e changes:	
REPEAL through	h READOPTION:		
4. Proposed effective	e date: 02/01/2023		
5. Is a public hearin If yes:	g planned? Yes		
Date	Time	Location	
11/17/2022	6:30 p.m.	2000 Perimeter Park Drive, Suite 160, Morrisville, NC 27560	
6. If no public heari	ing is scheduled, pi	rovide instructions on how to demand a public hearing:	

7.	Explain	Reason	For	Pro	nosed	Rule	(2)	١:
<i>,</i> .	LADIGIII	ixcason	101	110	DUSCU	IXUIC	13	, .

- 21 NCAC 16Q .0103 is proposed to address the practice requirements for a permit holder to administer general anesthesia, moderate conscious sedation, and moderate pediatric sedation.
- 21 NCAC 16Q .0104 is proposed to address requirements for facility inspections and evaluations.
- 21 NCAC 16Q .0202 is proposed for amendment to set out modified requirements for a general anesthesia permit applicant or holder
- 21 NCAC 16Q .0302 is proposed for amendment to set out modified requirements for a moderate conscious sedation permit applicant or holder.
- 21 NCAC 16Q .0405 is proposed for amendment to set out modified requirements for a moderate pediatric conscious sedation permit applicant or holder.
- 21 NCAC 16Q .0703 is proposed for amendment to change requirements for adverse occurrence reporting.

8. Procedure for Subjecting a Proposed Rule to Legislative Review: If an objection is not resolved prior to the adoption of the rule, a person may also submit written objections to the Rules Review Commission. If the Rules Review Commission receives written and signed objections in accordance with G.S. 150B-21.3(b2) from 10 or more persons clearly requesting review by the legislature and the Rules Review Commission approves the rule, the rule will become effective as provided in G.S. 150B-21.3(b1). The Commission will receive written objections until 5:00 p.m. on the day following the day the Commission approves the rule. The Commission will receive those objections by mail, delivery service, hand delivery, or email. If you have any further questions concerning the submission of objections to the Commission, please call a Commission staff attorney at 984-236-1850.

Rule(s) is automatically subject to legislative review. Cite statutory reference:

9.	The person	ı to whom	written	comments	may be	submitted	on the	propose	d rule(s):

Name: Bobby White

Address: 2000 Perimeter Park Drive, Suite 160

Morrisville, NC 27560

Phone (optional): Fax (optional): EMail (optional)

10. Comment Period Ends: 12/02/2022

11. Fiscal impact. Does any rule or combination of rules in this notice create an economic impact? Check all that apply.

No fiscal note required

12. Rule-ma	king Coordinator:	13. The Agency formally proposed the text of this rule(s) on
Name:	Dauna L. Bartley 919-283-1390 dauna@brockerlawfirm.com	Date: 09/09/2022
Agency cont	eact, if any:	
Name: Phone: Email:		

1	21 NCAC 16Q .0103	is proposed for adopti	on as follows:				
2							
3	21 NCAC 16Q .0103	3 EQUIPMENT,	PERSONNEL,	AND	CLINICAL	REQUIREMENTS	TO
4		ADMINISTER	ANESTHESIA OI	R MODE	ERATE SEDAT	ΓΙΟΝ	
5	(a) Before administe	ering general anesthesia	a, moderate conscio	us sedati	on, or moderate	pediatric conscious sec	<u>dation</u>
6	("anesthesia or mode	erate sedation"), or sup	ervising a CRNA to	adminis	ster or RN emp	oyed to deliver anesthe	esia or
7	moderate sedation, a	dentist shall hold an u	inexpired permit iss	ued by th	ne Board in acc	ordance with this Subcl	<u>hapter</u>
8	permitting the dentist	t to administer that leve	el of sedation.				
9	(b) Before performing	ng sedation procedures	in a facility other that	an a hosp	ital or credentia	led surgery center, the p	<u>sermit</u>
10	holder shall ensure th	at the Board has been r	notified that the pern	nit holder	intends to adm	inister anesthesia or mo	<u>derate</u>
11	sedation at the facilit	ty and shall ensure tha	t the facility has pa	ssed a fa	cility inspection	by the Board in accor	dance
12	with this Subchapter.	<u>-</u>					
13	(c) The permit holder	r shall ensure that the fa	acility where the sed	ation pro	cedure is to be p	erformed meets the follo	owing
14	requirements at the ti	me of the procedure:					
15	(1) The	e permit holder shall	ensure the facility	is equipp	ed as follows	and that the following	listed
16	<u>equ</u>	uipment is immediately	available and acces	sible fro	m the operatory	and recovery rooms:	
17	<u>(A)</u>	an operatory of s	size and design to p	ermit ac	cess of emerger	ncy equipment and pers	<u>sonnel</u>
18		and to permit em	nergency manageme	<u>nt;</u>			
19	<u>(B)</u>	a CPR board or	dental chair with	out enhai	ncements suital	ole for providing emer	gency
20		treatment;					
21	<u>(C)</u>	lighting as neces	sary for specific pro	cedures	and back-up lig	hting;	
22	<u>(D)</u>) suction equipme	nt as necessary for	specific 1	procedures, incl	uding non-electrical ba	ck-up
23		suction;					
24	<u>(E)</u>	positive pressure	e oxygen delivery s	ystem, ir	cluding full fac	ce masks for small, me	dium,
25		and large patien	ts, and back-up E-c	ylinder j	portable oxyger	tank apart from the c	entral
26		system;					
27	<u>(F)</u>		and large oral and na	asal airwa	ays;		
28	<u>(G)</u>	_	monitoring device;				
29	<u>(H)</u>	•					
30	<u>(I)</u>	*					
31	<u>(J)</u>	an automatic ext	ernal defibrillator (A	<u> (AED)</u> ;			
32	<u>(K)</u>						
33	<u>(L)</u>	a precordial or p	retracheal stethosco	pe;			
34	<u>(M</u>						
35	(N)			•	ic procedures, in	ncluding hardware and t	<u>lluids;</u>
36	<u>(O)</u>		vith working batterion				
37	(P)	intubation forcer	s and advanced airy	vav devi	ces:		

1		(Q) tonsillar suction with back-up suction;
2		(R) syringes as necessary for specific procedures; and
3		(S) tourniquet and tape.
4	(2)	The permit holder shall ensure all monitoring and other equipment in the facility receives preventive
5		maintenance no less frequently than once per year, including safety and function checks per the
6		manufacturers' recommendations. The permit holder shall maintain documentation of all preventive
7		maintenance performed, and shall ensure equipment is replaced upon its expiration or as clinically
8		required.
9	(3)	The permit holder shall ensure the following unexpired drugs are immediately available and are
10		accessible from the operatory and recovery rooms:
11		(A) epinephrine;
12		(B) atropine;
13		(C) an antiarrhythmic;
14		(D) an antihistamine;
15		(E) an antihypertensive;
16		(F) a bronchodilator;
17		(G) an antihypoglycemic agent;
18		(H) a vasopressor;
19		(I) a corticosteroid;
20		(J) an anticonvulsant;
21		(K) appropriate reversal agents;
22		(L) nitroglycerine; and
23		(M) an antiemetic.
24	(4)	The permit holder shall maintain written emergency and patient discharge protocols accessible from
25		the operatory and recovery rooms. The written emergency manual shall include a protocol for
26		activation of emergency management services for life-threatening complications along with the
27		information set out in Rule .0101(17) of this Section.
28	<u>(5)</u>	The permit holder shall satisfy any additional facility requirements applicable to the level of the
29		permit, as set out in Rule .0202, .0206, .0302, or .0405 of this Subchapter.
30	(d) The permit h	nolder shall ensure that the following staffing, education, and training requirements are met prior to
31	performing a sed	ation procedure:
32	<u>(1)</u>	The permit holder shall provide training to familiarize all auxiliaries in the treatment of clinical
33		emergencies including the following, and shall review and practice responding to clinical
34		emergencies with all auxiliaries as a team and in person every six months;
35		(A) airway obstruction;
36		(B) allergic reactions;
37		(C) angina pectoris;

1		(D) apnea;
2		(E) bradycardia;
3		(F) bronchospasm;
4		(G) cardiac arrest;
5		(H) convulsions;
6		(I) emesis and aspiration;
7		(J) hypertension;
8		(K) hypoglycemia;
9		(L) hypotension;
10		(M) hypoventilation and respiratory arrest;
11		(N) hypoxemia and hypoxia;
12		(O) laryngospasm;
13		(P) myocardial infarction; and
14		(Q) syncope.
15	(2)	All auxiliaries in the facility shall be BLS certified.
16	(3)	Except as set out in Subparagraph (d)(4) of this Rule, the permit holder performing the surgery or
17		other dental procedure shall ensure that an RN or a BLS-certified auxiliary is dedicated to patient
18		monitoring and recording anesthesia or sedation data throughout the sedation procedure.
19	(4)	The requirement set out in Subparagraph (d)(3) of this Rule shall not apply if the permit holder or
20		an additional sedation provider is dedicated to patient care and monitoring regarding anesthesia or
21		moderate sedation throughout the sedation procedure and is not performing the surgery or other
22		dental procedure. The additional sedation provider shall be:
23		(A) a dentist holding a permit or mobile permit in satisfaction of this Subchapter to administer
24		the anesthesia or sedation level at the facility where the sedation procedure is performed;
25		(B) an anesthesiologist licensed and practicing in accordance with the rules of the North
26		Carolina Medical Board; or
27		(C) a CRNA licensed and practicing in accordance with the rules of the North Carolina Board
28		of Nursing, under the supervision and direction of the permit holder who shall ensure the
29		level sedation administered does not exceed the level of the sedation allowed by the permit
30		holder's permit.
31	(5)	The permit holder shall satisfy any additional staffing, education, and training requirements
32		applicable to the level of the permit, as set out in Rule .0202, .0302, or .0405 of this Subchapter.
33	(e) Before starting	ng any sedation procedure, the permit holder shall conduct a pre-operative patient evaluation which
34	shall include, but	t is not limited to, the following:
35	(1)	evaluate the patient for health risks relevant to the potential sedation procedure;
36	(2)	evaluate the patient's food and fluid intake following the ASA guidelines for pre-operative fasting
37		applicable to elective procedures involving the administration of anesthesia or moderate sedation.

I		The ASA guidelines are incorporated by reference, including subsequent amendments and editions,
2		and may be accessed at https://www.asahq.org at no cost; and
3	(3)	satisfy any additional requirements for pre-operative patient evaluation and procedures applicable
4		to the level of the permit, as set out in Rule .0202, .0302, or .0405 of this Subchapter.
5	(f) During the	sedation procedure:
6	<u>(1)</u>	Prescriptions intended to accomplish procedural sedation, including enteral dosages, shall be
7		administered only under the direct supervision of the permit holder.
8	(2)	If IV sedation is used, IV infusion shall be administered before the start of the procedure and
9		maintained until the patient is ready for discharge.
10	(3)	Capnography shall be used to monitor patients unless an individual patient's behavior or condition
11		prevents use of capnography. In that event, the permit holder shall document in the sedation record
12		the clinical reason capnography could not be used.
13	(4)	The permit holder shall ensure the patient's base line vital signs are taken and recorded, including
14		temperature, SPO2, blood pressure, and pulse.
15	(5)	The permit holder shall ensure the patient's blood pressure, oxygen saturation, ET CO2 (unless
16		capnography cannot be used), pulse, and respiration rates ("vital sign information") are monitored
17		continuously in a manner that enables the permit holder to view vital sign trends throughout the
18		procedure.
19	<u>(6)</u>	The permit holder shall ensure the intraoperative vital sign information is recorded on the anesthesia
20		or sedation record contemporaneously throughout the procedure in intervals of five minutes or less
21		for patients over twelve years old, and in intervals of ten minutes or less for pediatric patients twelve
22		years old or younger.
23	<u>(7)</u>	The permit holder shall satisfy any additional requirements for operative procedures applicable to
24		the level of the permit, as set out in Rule .0202, .0302, or .0405 of this Subchapter.
25	(g) Post-operat	ive monitoring and discharge shall include the following:
26	<u>(1)</u>	The permit holder or an auxiliary under his or her direct supervision shall monitor the patient's post-
27		operative vital signs until the patient is recovered and is ready for discharge from the office.
28		Recovery from anesthesia or moderate sedation shall include documentation of the following:
29		(A) stable cardiovascular function;
30		(B) uncompromised airway patency;
31		(C) patient arousable and protective reflexes intact;
32		(D) state of hydration within normal limits;
33		(E) patient can talk, if applicable;
34		(F) patient can sit unaided, if applicable;
35		(G) patient can ambulate with minimal assistance, if applicable; and
36		(H) for a special needs patient, the pre-sedation level of responsiveness or the level as close as
37		possible for that patient shall be achieved.

1	<u>(Z)</u>	Before allowing the patient to leave the office, the permit holder shall determine that the patient has
2		met the recovery criteria set out in Subparagraph (g)(1) of this Rule and the following discharge
3		<u>criteria:</u>
4		(A) oxygenation, circulation, activity, skin color, and level of consciousness are stable and have
5		been documented;
6		(B) explanation and documentation of written post-operative instructions have been provided
7		to the patient or a person responsible for the patient at time of discharge; and
8		(C) a person authorized by or responsible for the patient is available to transport the patient
9		after discharge.
10	(h) The permit	holder shall maintain the following in the patient treatment records for 10 years:
11	(1)	the patient's current written medical history including known allergies and previous surgeries;
12	(2)	a pre-operative assessment as set out in Paragraph (e) of this Rule;
13	(3)	consent to the procedure and to the anesthesia or sedation, signed by the patient or guardian,
14		identifying the procedure and its risks and benefits, the level of anesthesia or sedation and its risks
15		and benefits, and the date signed;
16	(4)	the anesthesia or sedation record that shall include:
17		(A) the patient's base line vital signs and intraoperative vital sign information as set out in
18		Subparagraphs (f)(4)-(6) of this Rule;
19		(B) the printed or downloaded vital sign information from the capnograph. A permit holder's
20		failure to maintain capnograph documentation, except as set out in Subparagraph (f)(3) of
21		this Rule, shall be deemed a failure to monitor the patient as required pursuant to this
22		Subchapter;
23		(C) procedure start and end times;
24		(D) gauge of needle and location of IV on the patient, if used;
25		(E) the total amount of any local anesthetic administered during the procedure;
26		(F) any analgesic, sedative, pharmacological, or reversal agent, or other drugs administered
27		during the procedure, including route of administration, dosage, strength, time, and
28		sequence of administration, with separate entries for each increment of medication that is
29		titrated to effect;
30		(G) documentation of complications or morbidity, and clinical responses; and
31		(H) status of patient upon discharge, including documentation of satisfying the requirements
32		set out in Paragraph (g) of this Rule; and
33	(5)	any additional documentation applicable to the level of the permit, as set out in Rule .0202, .0302,
34		or .0405 of this Subchapter.
35		
36	History Note:	Authority G.S. 90-28; 90-30.1; 90-31.1; 90-48;
37		<i>Eff.</i>

1 21 NCAC 16Q .0104 is proposed for adoption as follows: 2 3 21 NCAC 16Q .0104 REQUIREMENTS FOR INSPECTIONS AND EVALUATIONS 4 (a) During a facility inspection pursuant to the rules of this Subchapter, for a dentist applying for or holding a permit 5 to administer general anesthesia, moderate conscious sedation, or moderate pediatric conscious sedation, the applicant 6 or permit holder shall demonstrate satisfaction of the requirements set forth in Rule .0103(c) and (d) of this Section. 7 (b) During an evaluation, for a dentist applying for or holding a permit to administer general anesthesia, moderate 8 conscious sedation, or moderate pediatric conscious sedation, the applicant or permit holder shall demonstrate the 9 administration of anesthesia or sedation in accordance with the level of the permit, and shall demonstrate competency 10 including but not limited to the following areas: 11 pre-operative patient evaluation and procedures, including the requirements set forth in Rule 12 .0103(e) of this Section; 13 (2) operative procedures, including the deployment of an intravenous delivery system and the 14 requirements set forth in Rule .0103(f) of this Section; 15 (3) post-operative patient monitoring and discharge, including the requirements set forth in Rule 16 .0103(g) of this Section; and 17 treatment of the clinical emergencies set out in Rule .0103(d)(1) of this Section. (4) 18 (c) During the evaluation, the applicant shall take a written examination on the topics set forth in Paragraph (b) of 19 this Rule. The applicant shall obtain a passing score on the written examination by answering 80 percent of the 20 examination questions correctly. If the applicant fails to obtain a passing score on the written examination, he or she 21 may be re-examined in accordance with Rule .0204(h), .0306(h), or .0408(h) of this Subchapter. 22 (d) The permit holder shall be subject to re-evaluation every five years. Each facility where the permit holder 23 administers anesthesia or sedation shall be subject to a facility inspection upon annual renewal of the permit. 24 25 History Note: Authority G.S. 90-28; 90-30.1; 90-48; 26 *Eff.* ______. 27

1	21 NCAC 16Q .0202 is proposed for amendment as follows:
2	
3	21 NCAC 16Q .0202 GENERAL ANESTHESIA EQUIPMENT AND CLINICAL REQUIREMENTS
4	(a) A dentist administering-holding or applying for a permit to administer general anesthesia shall ensure that the
5	facility where the general anesthesia is administered meets the following requirements: be subject to the requirements
6	set out in Section .0100 of this Subchapter.
7	(b) In addition to the drugs listed in Rule .0103(c)(3) of this Subchapter, an unexpired neuromuscular blocking agent
8	shall be immediately available and be accessible from the operatory and recovery rooms.
9	(1) The facility shall be equipped with the following:
10	(A) an operatory of size and design to permit access of emergency equipment and personnel
11	and to permit emergency management;
12	(B) a CPR board or dental chair without enhancements, suitable for providing emergency
13	treatment;
14	(C) lighting as necessary for specific procedures and back-up lighting;
15	(D) suction equipment as necessary for specific procedures, including non-electrical back-up
16	suction;
17	(E) positive pressure oxygen delivery system, including full face masks for small, medium,
18	and large patients, and back-up E-cylinder portable oxygen tank apart from the central
19	system;
20	(F) small, medium, and large oral and nasal airways;
21	(G) blood pressure monitoring device;
22	(H) EKG monitor;
23	(I) pulse oximeter;
24	(J) automatic external defibrillator (AED);
25	(K) precordial stethoscope or capnograph;
26	(L) thermometer;
27	(M) vascular access set-up as necessary for specific procedures, including hardware and fluids;
28	(N) laryngoscope with working batteries;
29	(O) intubation forceps and advanced airway devices;
30	(P) tonsillar suction with back-up suction;
31	(Q) syringes as necessary for specific procedures; and
32	(R) tourniquet and tape.
33	(2) The following unexpired drugs shall be maintained in the facility and with access from the operatory
34	and recovery rooms:
35	(A) Epinephrine;
36	(B) Atropine;
37	(C) antiarrhythmie;

1	(D) antihistamine;
2	(E) antihypertensive;
3	(F) bronchodilator;
4	(G) antihypoglycemic agent;
5	(H) vasopressor;
6	(I) corticosteroid;
7	(J) anticonvulsant;
8	(K) muscle relaxant;
9	(L) appropriate reversal agents;
10	(M) nitroglycerine;
11	(N) antiemetic; and
12	(O) Dextrose.
13	(3) The permit holder shall maintain written emergency and patient discharge protocols. The permit
14	holder shall also provide training to familiarize auxiliaries in the treatment of clinical emergencies.
15	(4) The permit holder shall maintain the following records for 10 years:
16	(A) Patient's current written medical history, including a record of known allergies and
17	previous surgeries;
18	(B) Consent to general anesthesia, signed by the patient or guardian, identifying the risks and
19	benefits, level of anesthesia, and date signed;
20	(C) Consent to the procedure, signed by the patient or guardian identifying the risks, benefits
21	and date signed; and
22	(D) Patient base line vital signs, including temperature, SPO2, blood pressure, and pulse.
23	(5) The anesthesia record shall include:
24	(A) base line vital signs, blood pressure (unless patient behavior prevents recording), oxyger
25	saturation, ET CO2 if capnography is utilized, pulse and respiration rates of the patient
26	recorded in real time at 15 minute intervals;
27	(B) procedure start and end times;
28	(C) gauge of needle and location of IV on the patient, if used;
29	(D) status of patient upon discharge; and
30	(E) documentation of complications or morbidity.
31	(6) The facility shall be staffed with at least two BLS certified auxiliaries, one of whom shall be
32	dedicated to patient monitoring and recording general anesthesia or sedation data throughout the
33	sedation procedure. This Subparagraph shall not apply if the dentist permit holder is dedicated to
34	patient care and monitoring regarding general anesthesia or sedation throughout the sedation
35	procedure and is not performing the surgery or other dental procedure.
36	(b) During an inspection or evaluation, the applicant or permit holder shall demonstrate the administration of
37	anesthesia while the evaluator observes, and shall demonstrate competency in the following areas:

1	(1) monitoring of blood pressure, pulse, ET CO2 if capnography is utilized, and respiration;
2	(2) drug dosage and administration;
3	(3) treatment of untoward reactions including respiratory or cardiac depression;
4	(4) sterile technique;
5	(5) use of BLS certified auxiliaries;
6	(6) monitoring of patient during recovery; and
7	(7) sufficiency of patient recovery time.
8	(c) During an inspection or evaluation, the applicant or permit holder shall demonstrate competency in the treatment
9	of the following clinical emergencies:
10	(1) laryngospasm;
11	(2) bronchospasm;
12	(3) emesis and aspiration;
13	(4) respiratory depression and arrest;
14	(5) angina pectoris;
15	(6) myocardial infarction;
16	(7) hypertension and hypotension;
17	(8) syncope;
18	(9) allergic reactions;
19	(10) convulsions;
20	(11) bradycardia;
21	(12) hypoglycemia;
22	(13) cardiac arrest; and
23	(14) airway obstruction.
24	(d) During the evaluation, the permit applicant shall take a written examination on the topics set forth in Paragraphs
25	(b) and (c) of this Rule. The permit applicant must obtain a passing score on the written examination by answering 80
26	percent of the examination questions correctly. If the permit applicant fails to obtain a passing score on the written
27	examination that is administered during the evaluation, he or she may be re-examined in accordance with Rule
28	.0204(h) of this Section.
29	(e) A general anesthesia permit holder shall evaluate a patient for health risks before starting any anesthesia procedure.
30	(f) Post-operative monitoring and discharge shall include the following:
31	(1) the permit holder or a BLS certified auxiliary under his or her direct supervision shall monitor the
32	patient's vital signs throughout the sedation procedure until the patient is recovered as defined by
33	Subparagraph (f)(2) of this Rule and is ready for discharge from the office; and
34	(2) recovery from general anesthesia shall include documentation of the following:
35	(A) cardiovascular function stable;
36	(B) airway patency uncompromised;
37	(C) patient arousable and protective reflexes intact;

1		(D) state of hydration within normal limits;
2		(E) patient can talk, if applicable;
3		(F) patient can sit unaided, if applicable;
4		(G) patient can ambulate, if applicable, with minimal assistance; and
5		(H) for the special needs patient or a patient incapable of the usually expected responses, the
6		pre-sedation level of responsiveness or the level as close as possible for that patient shall
7		be achieved; and
8	(3)	before allowing the patient to leave the office, the dentist shall determine that the patient has met
9		the recovery criteria set out in Subparagraph (f)(2) of this Rule and the following discharge criteria:
10		(A) oxygenation, circulation, activity, skin color, and level of consciousness are stable and have
11		been documented;
12		(B) explanation and documentation of written postoperative instructions have been provided
13		to the patient or a person responsible for the patient at time of discharge; and
14		(C) a person authorized by the patient is available to transport the patient after discharge.
15		
16	History Note:	Authority G.S. 90-28; 90-30.1; 90-48;
17		Eff. February 1, 1990;
18		Amended Eff. June 1, 2017; November 1, 2013; August 1, 2002; August 1, 2000;
19		Pursuant to G.S. 150B-21.3A, rule is necessary without substantive public interest Eff. January 9,
20		2018;
21		Amended Eff; February 1, 2019; August 1, 2018.
22		
23		

1 2	21 NCAC 16Q .0302 is proposed for amendment as follows:
3	21 NCAC 16Q .0302 MODERATE PARENTERAL AND ENTERAL CONSCIOUS SEDATION
4	CLINICAL REQUIREMENTS AND EQUIPMENT
5	(a) A dentist administering holding or applying for a permit to administer moderate conscious sedation or supervising
6	any CRNA employed to administer or RN employed to deliver moderate conscious sedation shall ensure that the
7	facility where the sedation is administered meets the following requirements: be subject to the requirements set out in
8	Section .0100 of this Subchapter.
9	(b) In addition to the drugs listed in Rule .0103(c)(3) of this Subchapter, an unexpired muscle relaxant shall be
10	immediately available and be accessible from the operatory and recovery rooms.
11	(c) As part of the pre-operative assessment required by Rule .0103(e) of this Subchapter, the permit holder shall
12	evaluate the patient for health risks as follows:
13	(1) a patient who is medically stable and who is ASA I or II shall be evaluated by reviewing the patient's
14	current medical history and medication use; or
15	(2) a patient who is not medically stable or who is ASA III or higher shall be evaluated by the permit
16	holder's consultation with the patient's primary care physician or consulting medical specialist
17	regarding the potential risks posed by the planned dental procedure.
18	(d) During the sedation procedure, a moderate conscious sedation permit holder shall not administer anesthetic or
19	sedative agents:
20	(1) designed by the manufacturer for use in administering general anesthesia or deep sedation;
21	(2) contraindicated for use in moderate conscious sedation; or
22	(3) in amounts exceeding the manufacturers' maximum recommended dosages, unless the permit holder
23	documents in the sedation record the clinical reason for exceeding the maximum recommended
24	dosage for the patient.
25	(1) The facility shall be equipped with the following:
26	(A) an operatory of size and design to permit access of emergency equipment and personnel
27	and to permit emergency management;
28	(B) a CPR board or a dental chair without enhancements, suitable for providing emergency
29	treatment;
30	(C) lighting as necessary for specific procedures and back-up lighting;
31	(D) suction equipment as necessary for specific procedures, including non-electrical back-up
32	suction;
33	(E) positive pressure oxygen delivery system, including full face masks for small, medium,
34	and large patients and back-up E-cylinder portable oxygen tank apart from the central
35 36	system;
36 37	(F) small, medium, and large oral and nasal airways; (G) blood pressure monitoring device:
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1	((H) EKG monitor;
2	((I) pulse oximeter;
3	•	(J) automatic external defibrillator (AED);
4	((K) precordial stethoscope or capnograph;
5	((L) thermometer;
6	•	(M) vascular access set-up as necessary for specific procedures, including hardware and fluids;
7	•	(N) laryngoscope with working batteries;
8	•	(O) intubation forceps and advanced airway devices;
9	•	(P) tonsillar suction with back-up suction;
10	•	(Q) syringes as necessary for specific procedures; and
11	•	(R) tourniquet and tape.
12	(2)	The following unexpired drugs shall be maintained in the facility and with access from the operatory
13	ŧ	and recovery rooms:
14	•	(A) Epinephrine;
15	•	(B) Atropine;
16	•	(C) antiarrhythmie;
17	•	(D) antihistamine;
18	•	(E) antihypertensive;
19	•	(F) bronchodilator;
20	•	(G) antihypoglycemic agent;
21	•	(H) vasopressor;
22	•	(I) corticosteroid;
23	•	(J) anticonvulsant;
24	•	(K) muscle relaxant;
25	•	(L) appropriate reversal agents;
26	•	(M) nitroglycerine;
27	•	(N) antiemetic; and
28	•	(O) Dextrose.
29	(3)	The permit holder shall maintain written emergency and patient discharge protocols. The permit
30	1	holder shall also provide training to familiarize auxiliaries in the treatment of clinical emergencies;
31	(4)	The dentist shall maintain the following records for at least 10 years:
32	•	(A) patient's current written medical history and pre-operative assessment;
33	•	(B) drugs administered during the procedure, including route of administration, dosage,
34		strength, time, and sequence of administration; and
35	•	(C) a sedation record;
36	(5)	The sedation record shall include:

1	(A) base line vital signs, blood pressure (unless patient behavior prevents recording), oxygen
2	saturation, ET CO2 if capnography is utilized, pulse and respiration rates of the patient
3	recorded in real time at 15 minute intervals;
4	(B) procedure start and end times;
5	(C) gauge of needle and location of IV on the patient, if used;
6	(D) status of patient upon discharge;
7	(E) documentation of complications or morbidity; and
8	(F) consent form, signed by the patient or guardian, identifying the procedure, risks and
9	benefits, level of sedation, and date signed; and
10	(6) The following conditions shall be satisfied during a sedation procedure:
11	(A) The facility shall be staffed with at least two BLS certified auxiliaries, one of whom shall
12	be dedicated to patient monitoring and recording sedation data throughout the sedation
13	procedure. This Subparagraph shall not apply if the dentist permit holder is dedicated to
14	patient care and monitoring regarding sedation throughout the sedation procedure and is
15	not performing the surgery or other dental procedure; and
16	(B) If IV sedation is used, IV infusion shall be administered before the start of the procedure
17	and maintained until the patient is ready for discharge.
18	(b) During an inspection or evaluation, the applicant or permit holder shall demonstrate the administration of moderate
19	conscious sedation on a patient, including the deployment of an intravenous delivery system, while the evaluator
20	observes. During the demonstration, the applicant or permit holder shall demonstrate competency in the following
21	areas:
22	(1) monitoring blood pressure, pulse, ET CO2 if capnography is utilized, and respiration;
23	(2) drug dosage and administration;
24	(3) treatment of untoward reactions including respiratory or cardiac depression if applicable;
25	(4) sterile technique;
26	(5) use of BLS certified auxiliaries;
27	(6) monitoring of patient during recovery; and
28	(7) sufficiency of patient recovery time.
29	(c) During an inspection or evaluation, the applicant or permit holder shall demonstrate competency to the evaluator
30	in the treatment of the following clinical emergencies:
31	(1) laryngospasm;
32	(2) bronchospasm;
33	(3) emesis and aspiration;
34	(4) respiratory depression and arrest;
35	(5) angina pectoris;
36	(6) myocardial infarction;
37	(7) hypertension and hypotension;

1	(8) allergic reactions;
2	(9) convulsions;
3	(10) syncope;
4	(11) bradycardia;
5	(12) hypoglycemia;
6	(13) cardiac arrest; and
7	(14) airway obstruction.
8	(d) During the evaluation, the permit applicant shall take a written examination on the topics set forth in Paragraphs
9	(b) and (c) of this Rule. The permit applicant must obtain a passing score on the written examination by answering 80
10	percent of the examination questions correctly. If the permit applicant fails to obtain a passing score on the written
11	examination that is administered during the evaluation, he or she may be re-examined in accordance with Rule
12	.0306(h) of this Section.
13	(e) A moderate conscious sedation permit holder shall evaluate a patient for health risks before starting any sedation
14	procedure as follows:
15	(1) a patient who is medically stable and who is ASA I or II shall be evaluated by reviewing the patient's
16	current medical history and medication use or;
17	(2) a patient who is not medically stable or who is ASA III or higher shall be evaluated by a consultation
18	with the patient's primary care physician or consulting medical specialist regarding the potential
19	risks posed by the procedure.
20	(f) Post-operative monitoring and discharge:
21	(1) the permit holder or a BLS certified auxiliary under his or her direct supervision shall monitor the
22	patient's vital signs throughout the sedation procedure until the patient is recovered as defined in
23	Subparagraph (f)(2) of this Rule and is ready for discharge from the office.
24	(2) recovery from moderate conscious sedation shall include documentation of the following:
25	(A) cardiovascular function stable;
26	(B) airway patency uncompromised;
27	(C) patient arousable and protective reflexes intact;
28	(D) state of hydration within normal limits;
29	(E) patient can talk, if applicable;
30	(F) patient can sit unaided, if applicable;
31	(G) patient can ambulate, if applicable, with minimal assistance; and
32	(H) for the special needs patient or patient incapable of the usually expected responses, the pre-
33	sedation level of responsiveness or the level as close as possible for that patient shall be
34	achieved.
35	(3) before allowing the patient to leave the office, the dentist shall determine that the patient has met
36	the recovery criteria set out in Subparagraph (f)(2) of this Rule and the following discharge criteria:

1		(A) oxygenation, circulation, activity, skin color, and level of consciousness are stable, and
2		have been documented;
3		(B) explanation and documentation of written postoperative instructions have been provided
4		to the patient or a person responsible for the patient at the time of discharge; and
5		(C) a person authorized by the patient is available to transport the patient after discharge.
6		
7	History Note:	Authority G.S. 90-28; 90-30.1; 90-48;
8		Eff. February 1, 1990;
9		Amended Eff. August 1, 2002; August 1, 2000;
10		Temporary Amendment Eff. December 11, 2002;
11		Amended Eff. June 1, 2017; November 1, 2013; July 1, 2010; July 3, 2008; August 1, 2004;
12		Pursuant to G.S. 150B-21.3A, rule is necessary without substantive public interest Eff. January 9,
13		2018;
14		Amended Eff; February 1, 2019; August 1, 2018.
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16		

1	21 NCAC 16Q .0405 is	proposed for amend	ment as follows:			
2						
3	21 NCAC 16Q .0405	MODERATE	PEDIATRIC	CONSCIOUS	SEDATION	CLINICAL
4		REQUIREMEN	ITS AND EQUIP	MENT		
5	(a) A dentist administer	ing holding or apply	ring for a permit to	administer_moderate	pediatric consciou	is sedation shall
6	ensure that the facility	where the sedation	is administered	meets the following	requirements: be	subject to the
7	requirements set out in S	Section .0100 of this	Subchapter.			
8	(b) In addition to the			•	expired muscle re	elaxant shall be
9	immediately available a	nd be accessible from	m the operatory and	d recovery rooms.		
10	(c) In addition to the r	requirements set out	in Rule .0103(c)(4) of this Subchapte	er, the permit hold	ler's emergency
11	manual shall include as	signments to be perf	formed in the event	of emergency by a	BLS-certified aux	iliary dedicated
12	to patient monitoring.					
13	(d) In addition to the re	equirements set out i	n Rule .0103(e) of	this Subchapter con	cerning pre-operat	ive procedures,
14	the permit holder shall	ensure that patients	who have been ad	ministered moderate	pediatric conscio	ous sedation are
15	monitored for alertness	, responsiveness, b	reathing, and skin	coloration during	waiting periods b	efore operative
16	procedures by the permi	t holder or an auxili	ary dedicated to pa	tient monitoring.		
17	(e) As part of the pre-	operative assessmen	nt required by Rule	e .0103(e) of this Su	bchapter, the peri	nit holder shall
18	evaluate the patient for l	health risks as follow	vs:			
19	(1) a patie	ent who is medically	stable and who is A	ASA I or II shall be ev	valuated by review	ing the patient's
20	currer	nt medical history an	d medication use;	<u>or</u>		
21	(2) a patie	ent who is not medic	cally stable or who	is ASA III or highe	r shall be evaluate	d by the permit
22	holder	r's consultation with	the patient's prin	nary care physician	or consulting me	dical specialist
23	regard	ding the potential risl	ks posed by the pla	nned dental procedu	re.	
24	(f) If a patient immobile	ization device is use	d, the permit holde	r shall ensure that:		
25	(1) the de	evice is applied to av	oid airway obstruc	tion or chest restricti	on;	
26	(2) the pa	atient's head position	n and respiratory	excursions are chec	ked frequently to	ensure airway
27	pateno	<u>cy;</u>				
28	(3) a hand	d or foot is kept expo	osed; and			
29	(4) the pa	tient is attended at a	ll times.			
30	(g) During the sedation	on procedure, a mo-	derate pediatric co	onscious sedation pe	ermit holder shall	not administer
31	anesthetic or sedative ag	<u>gents:</u>				
32	(1) design	ned by the manufactu	urer for use in adm	inistering general an	esthesia or deep se	dation;
33	(2) contra	nindicated for use in	moderate pediatric	conscious sedation;	<u>or</u>	
34	(3) in amo	ounts exceeding the 1	manufacturers' max	imum recommended	l dosages, unless th	ne permit holder
35	docum	nents in the sedation	n record the clinic	al reason for exceed	ling the maximum	<u>recommended</u>
36	dosag	e for the patient.				

(h) In addition to the requirements set out in Rule .0103(h) of this Subchapter concerning the patient treatment record, 1 2 the permit holder shall maintain documentation of pre-sedation instructions and information provided to the patient 3 or person responsible for the patient, which shall include: 4 objectives of the sedation; (1) 5 (2) anticipated changes in patient behavior during and after sedation; instructions to person responsible for a patient transported in a car seat regarding patient head 6 (3) 7 position to avoid airway obstruction; 8 **(4)** a 24-hour telephone number for the permit holder or his or her BLS-certified auxiliaries; and 9 (5) instructions on limitations of activities and dietary precautions. 10 (i) For purposes of Rule .0104(b)(2) of this Subchapter, during an evaluation, a moderate pediatric conscious sedation 11 permit holder or applicant shall demonstrate competency in the deployment of an intravenous delivery system as 12 follows: 13 (1) a permit holder or applicant who uses intravenous sedation shall demonstrate the administration of 14 moderate pediatric conscious sedation on a live patient, including the deployment of an intravenous 15 delivery system; and a permit holder or applicant who does not use intravenous sedation shall describe the proper 16 (2) 17 deployment of an intravenous delivery system and shall demonstrate the administration of moderate 18 pediatric conscious sedation on a live patient. 19 The facility shall be equipped with the following: (1)20 (A) an operatory of size and design to permit access of emergency equipment and personnel 21 and to permit emergency management; 22 (B) a CPR board or a dental chair without enhancements, suitable for providing emergency 23 treatment; 24 lighting as necessary for specific procedures and back-up lighting; 25 suction equipment as necessary for specific procedures, including non-electrical back-up 26 suction: 27 (E) positive pressure oxygen delivery system, including full face masks for small, medium, 28 and large patients and back-up E-cylinder portable oxygen tank apart from the central 29 system; 30 (F) small, medium, and large oral and nasal airways; blood pressure monitoring device; 31 32 (H)EKG monitor; 33 (I) pulse oximeter; 34 automatic external defibrillator (AED); (J) 35 (K) precordial stethoscope or capnograph; 36 (L) thermometer; 37 vascular access set-up as necessary for specific procedures, including hardware and fluids;

1		(N) laryngoscope with working batteries;
2		(O) intubation forceps and advanced airway devices;
3		(P) tonsillar suction with back-up suction;
4		(Q) syringes as necessary for specific procedures; and
5		(R) tourniquet and tape.
6	(2)	The following unexpired drugs shall be maintained in the facility and with access from the operatory
7		and recovery rooms:
8		(A) Epinephrine;
9		(B) Atropine;
10		(C) antiarrhythmie;
11		(D) antihistamine;
12		(E) antihypertensive;
13		(F) bronchodilator;
14		(G) antihypoglycemic agent;
15		(H) vasopressor;
16		(I) corticosteroid;
17		(J) anticonvulsant;
18		(K) muscle relaxant;
19		(L) appropriate reversal agents;
20		(M) nitroglycerine;
21		(N) antiemetic; and
22		(O) Dextrose.
23	(3)	The permit holder shall maintain written emergency and patient discharge protocols. The permit
24		holder shall also provide training to familiarize auxiliaries in the treatment of clinical emergencies;
25	(4)	The following records are maintained for at least 10 years:
26		(A) patient's current written medical history and pre-operative assessment;
27		(B) drugs administered during the procedure, including route of administration, dosage,
28		strength, time, and sequence of administration;
29		(C) a sedation record; and
30		(D) a consent form, signed by the patient or a guardian, identifying the procedure, risks and
31		benefits, level of sedation, and date signed;
32	(5)	The sedation record shall include:
33		(A) base line vital signs, blood pressure (unless patient behavior prevents recording), oxygen
34		saturation, ET CO2 if capnography is utilized, pulse and respiration rates of the patient
35		recorded in real time at 15 minute intervals;
36		(B) procedure start and end times;
37		(C) gauge of needle and location of IV on the patient, if used;

1	(D) status of patient upon discharge; and
2	(E) documentation of complications or morbidity; and
3	(6) The following conditions shall be satisfied during a sedation procedure:
4	(A) the facility shall be staffed with at least two BLS certified auxiliaries, one of whom shall
5	be dedicated to patient monitoring and recording sedation data throughout the sedation
6	procedure. This Subparagraph shall not apply if the dentist permit holder is dedicated to
7	patient care and monitoring regarding sedation throughout the sedation procedure and is
8	not performing the surgery or other dental procedure; and
9	(B) when IV sedation is used, IV infusion shall be administered before the commencement of
10	the procedure and maintained until the patient is ready for discharge.
11	(b) During an inspection or evaluation, applicants and permit holders who use intravenous sedation shall demonstrate
12	the administration of moderate pediatric conscious sedation on a live patient, including the deployment of an
13	intravenous delivery system, while the evaluator observes. Applicants and permit holders who do not use IV sedation
14	shall describe the proper deployment of an intravascular delivery system to the evaluator and shall demonstrate the
15	administration of moderate pediatric conscious sedation on a live patient while the evaluator observes.
16	(c) During the demonstration, all applicants and permit holders shall demonstrate competency in the following areas:
17	(1) monitoring blood pressure, pulse, and respiration;
18	(2) drug dosage and administration;
19	(3) treatment of untoward reactions including respiratory or cardiac depression if applicable;
20	(4) sterile technique;
21	(5) use of BLS certified auxiliaries;
22	(6) monitoring of patient during recovery; and
23	(7) sufficiency of patient recovery time.
24	(d) During an inspection or evaluation, the applicant or permit holder shall demonstrate competency in the treatment
25	of the following clinical emergencies:
26	(1) laryngospasm;
27	(2) bronchospasm;
28	(3) emesis and aspiration;
29	(4) respiratory depression and arrest;
30	(5) angina pectoris;
31	(6) myocardial infarction;
32	(7) hypertension and hypotension;
33	(8) allergic reactions;
34	(9) convulsions;
35	(10) syncope;
36	(11) bradycardia;
37	(12) hypoglycemia;

1	(13)	— cardiac arrest; and
2	(14)—	airway obstruction.
3	(e) During the	evaluation, the permit applicant shall take a written examination on the topics set forth in Paragraphs
4	(c) and (d) of th	is Rule. The permit applicant must obtain a passing score on the written examination by answering 80
5	percent of the c	examination questions correctly. If the permit applicant fails to obtain a passing score on the written
6	examination the	at is administered during the evaluation, he or she may be re-examined in accordance with Rule
7	.0408(h) of this	Section.
8	(f) A moderate	pediatric conscious sedation permit holder shall evaluate patients for health risks before starting any
9	sedation proced	ure as follows:
10	(1)	a patient who is medically stable and who is ASA I or II shall be evaluated by reviewing the patient's
11		current medical history and medication use; or
12	(2)	a patient who is not medically stable or who is ASA III or higher shall be evaluated by a consultation
13		with the patient's primary care physician or consulting medical specialist regarding the potential
14		risks posed by the procedure.
15	(g) Patient mor	nitoring:
16	(1)	Patients who have been administered moderate pediatric conscious sedation shall be monitored for
17		alertness, responsiveness, breathing, and skin coloration during waiting periods before operative
18		procedures.
19	(2)	The permit holder or a BLS certified auxiliary under his or her direct supervision shall monitor the
20		patient's vital signs throughout the sedation procedure until the patient is recovered as defined in
21		Subparagraph (g)(3) of this Rule and is ready for discharge from the office.
22	(3)	Recovery from moderate pediatric conscious sedation shall include documentation of the following:
23		(A) cardiovascular function stable;
24		(B) airway patency uncompromised;
25		(C) patient arousable and protective reflexes intact;
26		(D) state of hydration within normal limits;
27		(E) patient can talk, if applicable;
28		(F) patient can sit unaided, if applicable;
29		(G) patient can ambulate, if applicable, with minimal assistance; and
30		(H) for the special needs patient or a patient incapable of the usually expected responses, the
31		pre-sedation level of responsiveness or the level as close as possible for that patient shall
32		be achieved.
33	(4)	Before allowing the patient to leave the office, the dentist shall determine that the patient has met
34		the recovery criteria set out in Subparagraph (g)(3) of this Rule and the following discharge criteria:
35		(A) oxygenation, circulation, activity, skin color, and level of consciousness are stable, and
36		have been documented;

1		(B) explanation and documentation of written postoperative instructions have been provided
2		to a person responsible for the patient at time of discharge; and
3		(C) a person responsible for the patient is available to transport the patient after discharge, and
4		for the patient for whom a motor vehicle restraint system is required, an additional
5		responsible individual is available to attend to the patient.
6		
7	History Note:	Authority G.S. 90-28; 90-30.1; 90-48;
8		Eff. June 1, 2017;
9		Pursuant to G.S. 150B-21.3A, rule is necessary without substantive public interest Eff. January 9,
10		2018;
11		Amended Eff; February 1, 2019; August 1, 2018.
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1 21 NCAC 16Q .0703 is proposed for amendment as follows: 2 3 21 NCAC 16Q .0703 REPORTS OF ADVERSE OCCURRENCES 4 (a) A dentist who holds a permit to administer general anesthesia or sedation shall report to the Board within 72 hours 5 after each adverse occurrence related to the administration of general anesthesia or sedation that results in the death 6 of a patient if the patient dies or has permanent organic brain dysfunction within 24 hours of after the procedure. 7 administration of general anesthesia or sedation. Sedation permit holders shall cease administration of sedation until 8 the Board has investigated the death or permanent organic brain dysfunction and approved resumption of permit 9 privileges. General anesthesia permit holders shall cease administration of general anesthesia and sedation until the 10 Board has reviewed the incident-adverse occurrence report and approved resumption of permit privileges. 11 (b) A dentist who holds a permit to administer general anesthesia or sedation shall report to the Board within 30 days 12 after each adverse occurrence related to if the patient is admitted to a hospital on inpatient status for a medical 13 emergency or physical injury within 24 hours after the administration of general anesthesia or sedation sedation that 14 results in permanent organic brain dysfunction of a patient occurring within 24 hours of the procedure or that results 15 in physical injury or severe medical emergencies, causing hospitalization of a patient occurring within 24 hours of the 16 procedure. 17 (c) The adverse occurrence report shall be in writing and shall include the following: 18 dentist's name, license number and permit number; (1) 19 (2) date and time of the occurrence; 20 (3) facility where the occurrence took place; 21 (4) name and address of the patient; 22 (5) surgical procedure involved; 23 (6) type and dosage of sedation or anesthesia utilized in the procedure; circumstances involved in the occurrence; and 24 **(7)** 25 (8) the entire patient treatment record including anesthesia records. 26 (d) Upon receipt of any such report, report submitted pursuant to this Rule, the Board shall investigate and shall take 27 disciplinary action if the evidence demonstrates that a licensee has violated the Dental Practice Act set forth in Article 28 2 of G.S. Chapter 90 of the General Statutes or the Board's rules of this Chapter. 29 30 History Note: Authority G.S. 90-28; 90-30.1; 90-41; 90-48; 31 Eff. April 1, 2016; 32 Pursuant to G.S. 150B-21.3A, rule is necessary without substantive public interest Eff. January 9, 33 2018.2018; Amended Eff. ______. 34 35

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